

no disposition to wake up in the morning to the loss of one, two, three, or perhaps the whole of our team. From our ambulance we took and placed under guard whatever would bear moving, even to the stretchers and swivel-chairs, and left the tongue out all night, not without some qualms of doubt and fear. Our mules were placed in a high-walled corral to be sure, but then we knew the walls could be, as walls often are in New Mexico, borrowed through; so that, though we looked and kept the key of the single door of ingress or egress, we did not feel our important animals to be a single whit too far out of harm's way. So solicitous was I all night, that though I wanted rest badly enough, I slept with at least one ear open. Frequently would the wolf-like whelps of the neighborhood send forth their savage yappings, and as often stimulate my auricular faculties to their highest tension. Not satisfied with listening, I more than once—to the best of my recollection—got up and made ocular reconnaissance of the state of affairs out of doors.

The reader might ascribe all this uneasiness to want of knowledge of the country and of a just confidence in its people. But the truth is, the better a man knows that country the more cautious he is. To it, in most of its moods and ways, is the spirit of the poet's remark applicable:

"Fools rush in where angels fear to tread."

In addition to the above properly defensive measures we made some little quiet parade of our rifles and pistols, of which we had pretty good store, letting the numerous lounging Gringos and the family see that if we were trifled with there might be some risk involved in it. After all our dispositions had been made, the lady of the house began to place our ordered supper on the table. During this procedure I laid down on the banquet, for I was far from feeling or being well. Had the supper been the simplest in the world, I would have been able to eat it, but as it was, my poor sick stomach underwent torture from the time the viands appeared till we left the table; nay, for weeks afterwards that supper lay undigested in my memory. One only thing, save the *chile*, could I get along with, and that was the eggs; they were stomachable in themselves, for I knew that none of the mixed and multiplied odors from garlic, goats' meat, onions, sour milk, and the whole *terra incognita* of the New Mexican cuisine, could get through their shells. So having brought some bread with us which I toasted, and boiled some of the black tea which I had had the precaution to buy in Santa Fe, I did very well as to my own eating.

But the table was loaded with dishes so odorous to the nose, and so nauseously odorous to my weak stomach, that a constant rebellion was going on there. One dish looked like a mass of small worms stewed in yellow oil; another the semblance of the same worms fried brown; a third would be sordid flesh of the goat or kid alone; a fourth, the same smothered with a batter of red pepper, and possibly garlic and onions interspersed. There were other fries and stews, but oh! I tried the gravy of one of them, as being perhaps possible to get down as it was, and again, oh! how long before its hold was lost upon me.

My companions, who were in high health, seeing my inability to eat, and being, as they afterwards confessed, nearly as nauseated at the supper as myself—for but for a strong pull of *aguardiente*, they could not have kept it down—helped themselves through the ceremony by touting me with the excellence of the viands, and the otherwise pretentious to a wonderful gust. It was too bad of them, considering my valitudinarian condition, but they did it in nearly pure self-defense.

Fortunate was the moment when these delicacies were removed. The next morning I took it into my head to make an excuse for an intrusion into the *cocina* where our breakfast was preparing. It was nasty almost beyond belief. I was hungry from my thin feeding of the previous day, and resolved to have a hand at cooking myself. So by the assistance of our hostess's brother, who spoke tolerable English, I got me some onion-broth made of my own bread, which suited me very well, especially as I knew its history. My companions I left pretty much to fate, for they deserved none of my commiseration.

Breakfast over, mules hitched in, and bills paid, we cracked whip and started, with a loud and hoarse *¡Dios, Algodones!* The grapping Gringos who stood by to partake of our obvious satisfaction, for they all cachinate it, and seemed to think it quite good wit. Wit or not, it was most cordially uttered.

Algodones I thought to answer remarkably well to its name, for I somehow conceived it to be a sort of compound of the Latin *alga* and the Spanish *dolores*, for it looked cold and miserable enough. On its left, passing southward, you have the west face of the Sandia mountain, very bold and bluff; seemingly five hundred yards off, but really four or five miles. Its top, perpendicularly from its base on the plain, is probably twenty-five hundred feet.

Six miles from Algodones brought us to Bernalillo, through a piece of country not so wild and waste as our route had ordinarily been. Bernalillo is the seat of the Peres family, and they have some really fine estates along the flats there. It is the most thrifty, life-like place in the whole of New Mexico. The farms are well fenced in with high and substantial adobe walls, which show behind them fine vineyards, and gardens plentifully stocked with peach, apple, apricot, plum, and other fruit trees. Along one of the streets of Bernalillo is a row of handsome cottonwoods, giving the place a very pleasant appearance. The *haciendas* of the Peres are strikingly large, and, doubtless, equally commodious. One of our party having an acquaintance with Don Juan Peres, we called upon that gentleman, and were invited to try our judgment upon some of his wine, made upon his own estate. We found it a good, wholesome beverage, sufficiently strong, with good body, but of a cloudy, purplish color. We drank it out of silver tankards.

In Don Juan's *patio* or court stood a high pile of many-colored ears of corn, telling of the fertility of the Don's estate, and the ability with which he and his household were prepared to encounter the winter's wants. The outer side of the square, containing the buildings of his homestead, seemed to me little short of a hundred yards in length. At a distance it looks more like one of those vast old-fashioned country hotels, complete at all points, which the traveler in Pennsylvania is enough conversant with. Our stay with Don Juan (pronounced Don Wian) was something more than half an hour, and as the morning was cold and frosty, his sound wine helped us merrily along the remainder of the way.

At Bernalillo the Sandia mountain, which seemed to us impossible to get away from, is yet more imminent than at Algodones, and is increasingly picturesque. Its top was crowned with snow, out of which stood the forms of the mountain pine, like clots of frizzled hair on a giant's brow. I was greatly pleased with the delightful mixture of the grand and beautiful in the scenery at and about this place, though there is some offset for it in a large area of bare sand between it and the Del Norte.

THE TRAVELLING CABINET.—President Fillmore, the Secretary of War, Secretary of State, Secretary of the Interior and the Attorney General, are travelling through the country for the benefit of their health. They may be expected home after the August elections are over! [Balt. Argus.]

AMERICAN TELEGRAPH

WASHINGTON:
FRIDAY AFTERNOON, AUGUST 16.

Henry Clay was at the Blue Lick Springs, Ky., on the 11th.

"REPUBLICANS ARE UNGRATEFUL."—The appointment of Military Storekeeper for California, which was conferred upon Major James M. McRea by the Secretary of War, and resigned by Major McRea after his bonds, in the sum of \$15,000, had been approved and accepted, because he felt that the appointment was not acceptable to President Fillmore, has been or is to be conferred, we are informed, upon Mr. Baldwin, of Virginia, the brother-in-law of Mr. Secretary Stuart.

We know Major McRea well; and if there is a single member of this Administration who has done more for the Whig party, written more, spoken more or better to the masses, spent more money in electioneering, risked his life often, or been of more valuable service to Millard Fillmore when and where Millard Fillmore needed friends of nerve and enthusiasm, than the aforesaid James M. McRea, then we should like to have him, whoever he may be, pointed out. We voluntarily pay this tribute to the sterling worth of Major McRea, and ask his forgiveness if we have thereby offended.

CHARITY!—This, it is said, should begin at home. If so, the editor of the *Steubenville Herald* had but a weak dilution of it to send abroad. He says, in a dubious way, that his friend, the Hon. Mr. Giddings, "has withdrawn from the Presbyterian church because he has conscientious scruples about holding communion with those who hold slaves; but he holds on to his seat in Congress, his slaveholding associates and all. Cause—the church does not pay him eight dollars per day to appease his conscience, while the Government does." How dare he assign a cause for Mr. Giddings's action? Or how dare he intimate that any member of Congress cares for the eight dollars per day? Shameful!

THEY ARE COMING!—Autumn, chills and fevers, absent citizens, cool nights and sweet potatoes—all are coming.

The York (Pa.) *Gazette* states that in many parts of that country entire fields of corn have been so seriously injured by drought as to be beyond the reach of benefit by any rains that may now fall. The ears are very small, and but half filled with grains.

The Paris correspondent of the New York *Herald*, under date of 24th July, gives the names of Americans then in that city. In the list we observe the following from Baltimore: R. Sinclair, W. W. Spence, and W. H. Baldwin, esqrs.

Hon. E. A. Hannegan, ex-United States Senator and late minister to Berlin, was defeated for the Legislature in Fountain county, Indiana, by one Jacob Dyce, a "Dutch blacksmith."

Dyce is more than a Dutchman—he is a Democrat—believes "one man is as good as ten next, proud men and Irishers."

The Pequot Bank, at Bridgeport, Conn., has recently been organized. P. T. Barnum, now on a visit to Europe, has been chosen President.

The Hon. DANIEL WEBSTER attended the Vermont State Fair, at Middlebury, on Monday. Mr. W. and family are at Saratoga.

The entire cost to the State of Virginia of her late Reform Convention is set down at \$220,000. Of this sum upwards of \$40,000 were paid for reporting and printing.

The Philadelphia *Pennsylvanian* of the 12th states that George M. Dallas and Colonel John Swift have been retained by Mr. Forrest as counsel in his suit for divorce, should it be tried in the Philadelphia courts.

A FABLE:—The paragraph going the rounds, stating that Mrs. Bloomer was in Newport, wearing long dresses. She has not been in Newport this season, and in the last number of the *Lilly* she says it will be a long time before she appears in the long dresses again.

A NATURAL BRIDGE IN ALABAMA.—Professor Tuomey, in his recent geological exploration of this State, found a natural bridge in Walker county, about a mile from the road, which rivals the celebrated one in Virginia. It spans about one hundred and twenty feet, while its height is about seventy. It is formed of massive sandstone, and is very symmetrical. The surrounding scenery is very grand, with lofty beech and hemlock trees growing on the bridge, which nearly shade it from the rays of the sun, and add to the wild sublimity of the spot. A lengthy and scientific description of this bridge, and other scenes of mountain grandeur in North Alabama, may be expected in Professor Tuomey's next report.

A CHAPTER OF MISFORTUNES.—On Friday afternoon some evil-hearted person set fire to Mr. John M. Young's wheat, in the field, thus causing a loss of fifty dollars. In the evening, on Capitol Hill, the lightning struck the lamp-post to which his horse was fastened, and smashed the glass in the lamp. The animal jerked loose and ran off, but was soon recovered. A short time afterwards the fluid penetrated his dwelling-house; leaping down the chimney, and darting into the second story, shattered the mantelpiece and clock, and tore away the wood work of a closet in its escape. On Saturday night, while saving property from the deluge at the canal, a bug stung him severely on the hand, and, in consequence, he is obliged to carry it in a sling; and on Wednesday night an incendiary applied the match to his small frame house in the rear of the National Hotel. Truly "misfortunes never come as single spies, but always in battalions!" [Republic.]

The great painting recently executed in Europe, by Healy, of Webster replying to Hayne in the U. S. Congress, has arrived safely at Boston, in charge of the accomplished artist by whom it was executed.

MORE ACCOMMODATION.—It is whispered that besides the new line of omnibuses to be run specially by Mr. Vanderwerker, of Georgetown, and which we learn are now nearly ready, another line will be put on by a club of moneyed gentlemen of our city before very long. If this should be the case, the public will have little reason to complain of a deficiency of competition, in this branch of accommodation at least. [Intelligencer.]

A Personal Card in relation to the Liquor Bill.

To the Editors of the American Telegraph.

GENTLEMEN: As the mover of the bill which has just been indefinitely postponed by a majority of one in the Board of Common Council, entitled "An act supplementary to an act entitled 'An act laying a tax on shops, porters, cellars and confectioneries, and increasing the tax on ordinary retailers, and theatrical amusements,'" in view of the interest which the subject seems to have elicited in this community, I ask a small space in your columns.

Were I personally concerned, and my own private character involved, you and your readers would not be troubled by any word of mine. In that respect I know how to take care of myself, without making a parade before those who care nothing about the matter. But here we have a great public question—a subject which should interest every man, woman, and child in the community. Who, and what may be the character of the mover of the bill, is a point, comparatively speaking, of but small importance. The merits and demerits of the plan alone concern the public; and with those, with your kind leave, I will briefly deal. And even this intrusion on you and your readers I would not venture upon, were it not for the intrinsic interest of the subject. Let that plead my excuse.

Can we, or can we not, by legislative enactment, control, regulate, and modify the use, or rather the abuse, of ardent spirits? That is the question, and to solve it my bill was addressed. And here let me say, in advance, that I respect an honest difference on this subject, and claim no superior or more honorable ground than those with whom I have the misfortune to differ. I am not wedded to my own particular scheme, but frankly am willing to adopt any other, better calculated to work out the desired end, which any of my fellow members, or any citizen, may choose to present.

I may be allowed, however, with proper respect to the opinions of others, and a perfect willingness to take anything better, to express the decided and honest conviction that the bill, as I originally presented it, as a compendium of my views, was and is the best suited, of any plan so far presented, to bring a cure to the disease, and improve the moral and physical condition of our people.

Our readers will see what that bill is by reference to the proceedings of the Board of Common Council, as published in your columns. By that bill I mean to stand or fall. If it be good and fitted to the end, then I claim approval. If bad, let the public visit me with their censure. I am prepared for either, strong in the approbation, allow me to say modestly and fearlessly, of good motives and an approving conscience. If I have erred, it is an error of the head, not of the heart. If the evil admits not of cure, then, as a citizen, and one born in this District and identified with its interests, I grieve and despair. But, thank God! I despair in no word to be admitted in a case like this. I fail now, better and more able men will try and succeed hereafter. In the march of reform and improvement, progress is not by fits and starts, but to be genuine and true, must be steady though slow. It may be, gentlemen, that I have mistaken my time and men. It may be that I expose myself to the nickname of "Fanatic," and sin, by being in advance, as my opponents say, of public opinion.

Be it so, if they will. But I cannot see the fountains of vice and wickedness opened in our community, without raising my feeble voice, and recording my poor vote to check or prevent the moral evil that so afflicts us. Well aware of the peril and responsibility of the crusade, and that better and wiser men than myself have failed, I entered upon the enterprise with good motives, a good end, and a firm resolve that, be the consequences what they may for me personally, the work shall go on as long as I have a hand to wield a pen, a voice to plead the cause, or a vote to secure the triumph of right. In this, my effort to do good, I have acted and still act on my own responsibility. In its pursuit I know neither fear nor favor. No Fanatic, whether he be ultra, or against, finds any friend in me. I seek neither to please nor displease. I act, and shall continue to act, under a strong sense of duty; and, whilst respecting the motives and arguments of those who differ with me, hope ever to preserve that firmness and hopefulness that heed not the temporary local and interested difficulties which always beset the road to right, but nerve us to appeal from the heated partisan excitement of the present to the cooler and truer verdict of the future. I shall ask another column in your paper, not on my account, but for the goodness and interest of my cause. I shall then address myself to the details of the bill; and I remain, for the present, your obliged servant and fellow-citizen, JOHN CARROLL BRENT.

WASHINGTON, August 14, 1851.

NATIONAL AGRICULTURAL AND MECHANICS' FAIR.—In accordance with resolutions heretofore adopted at a meeting of citizens upon this subject, the committee appointed by the mayor of Washington assembled yesterday evening in the City Hall. There was a free interchange of opinion, and much said to encourage the fair. Dr. Leach, in the agricultural department of the Patent Office, and who for a number of years has been connected with the agricultural press, made many interesting statements, dwelling on the feasibility and the value of a fair of the character proposed. In the course of conversation we understood him to remark, that during the last year there had been distributed throughout the country, under his direction, upwards of one hundred thousand packages of different kinds of seed. Some of them, however, had lost their vitality; and hence the importance of a model farm, to test seed before they are sent abroad; and he was of the opinion that there will shortly be a model farm in our neighborhood for this purpose. In all other countries but our own there are societies for the importation of foreign fruits; and yet we have a wider range of climate than any one of them, and agriculture is our greatest interest. He believed that coffee and tea may be successfully cultivated in our southern climate. There are now upwards of three hundred agricultural societies in the Union, and these, it is probable, will all combine to make a demonstration here, at the seat of the General Government, sometime during the next year.

The committee separated with the understanding, we believe, that gentlemen in the District of Columbia concerned in horticulture shall be invited to assemble in the City Hall on Monday afternoon, four o'clock, with a view to take into consideration the propriety of having an exhibition of fruits and flowers during the ensuing month. This, however, is not to interfere with the general arrangements for a national fair, but as a commencement of the good work on the part of our own citizens, and as a forerunner of the rich entertainment hereafter to be provided. [Republic.]

In his speech against the revision of the French Constitution, Victor Hugo said that the French people had "been out of indestructible granite the finest stone of that vast edifice that will hereafter be called the United States of Europe." This expression is reported to have called down "loud and long-continued cheering."

What one ardently desires, he earnestly believes. [Republic.]

An invention is said to have been made at the West, in which carbon entirely supersedes the necessity for steam. The experiments show that a greater amount of power, with less heat, is obtained from the charcoal, and at one thirty-sixth of the cost incurred in the use of steam.

The handsome amount of \$50,000 has been left in a legacy by the late Abel Chandler, esq., for the establishment of a scientific department in Dartmouth College.

What's in a Name.—Not much, generally, but here is one from an English paper which monopolizes considerably more than its share of the alphabet: "A Baxon gentleman, whose name is Schweschenhayenklesterseckstern, is about to become a citizen of the United States." Heaven help the naturalization clerk.

Capital Punishment.—To be killed to death by juvenile calico.

There are six thousand women employed in New York in making shirts.

To Preserve Grapes.—Station a cross dog at the foot of the vines.

Advertising is the life-blood of business.

The happiness that is found at home is most likely to prove enduring and purifying.

He that shows his passions tells his enemies where to hit him.

The Germans who investigate the streets of New York for old bones and anything else heavier than rags, have introduced the use of a breed of dogs of great size and strength to drag their handcars.

Mrs. Mowatt, the talented authoress and actress, commences an engagement at Niblo's, on Tuesday, 19th instant, in her own play of "Armand."

The Local of the Cincinnati *Gazette* has nearly forgotten his Latin. He recently spoke of finding the quarantine Physician sitting under the umbrageous locusts, enjoying his *optimum cum digitalis*.

The city of New York has recently become the scene of almost daily murder and crimes of violence. The latest case is the death by poison of a woman named Victorine Grunzig, which is supposed to have been administered to her by her husband, Otto Grunzig, and a German woman named Margareta Lorentz.

Mr. Gough, the celebrated temperance lecturer, is to be in Halifax in about a fortnight, to deliver the opening address at the new Temperance Hall, recently completed.

An ancient rhyme divides female beauty into four orders, as follows:

Long and lacy,
Little and loud,
Fair and foolish,
Dark and proud.

GREAT DEFEAT OF THE RUSSIANS.—Letters from Warsaw say the defeat of General Neistrow at Serebriekow, and the flight of the Russians on the plains of Trifolia, are unhappily more than true. The loss of the army in men, ammunition, weapons, and horses is far greater than has been sustained for years; nearly all the strongholds which had been conquered and maintained at such an immense expense have been again lost. Report adds that one of the commanders of the Hungarian campaigns is to be commander-in-chief of the Caucasian army.

Arrivals at the Principal Hotels, Up to 12 o'clock, to-day.

United States.—J. A. Morrison, W. & R. R. Co.; C. A. Hall, Savannah, Georgia; J. Kelly, do; L. Armand, Louisiana; N. Harrison, Frederickburg, Va.; W. Mitchell, Maryland; Mrs. Hoekler and son, Virginia; Mrs. Hoekler, Baltimore; R. N. Blanford, Maryland; W. B. Weisler, Virginia; Mrs. Weisler, do; Miss Anderson, do; B. D. Wright, lady and daughter, Florida.

Review of the Northern Markets for Yesterday.

Office of the American Telegraph, Aug. 15. BALTIMORE, Aug. 14—6 p. m.—Sales to date of 400 bbls. City Mills flour at \$4. No sales of Howard street flour. PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 14—6 p. m.—Stocks are quiet—Penna. \$5. 90.

Flour—holders ask \$4 for State brands. Rye flour has declined to \$2.25. Corn meal, \$2.15. Wheat—sales of old Penna. white at 97½¢ yellow, and red at 85½¢. Sales of corn at 66½¢ for yellow, and mixed at 65¢. Rye 75¢. Oats 55¢.

NEW YORK, Aug. 14—6 p. m.—Stocks are steady. Canton has declined ¼¢. Erie has advanced ¼¢. Sales at 12 o'clock: 1000 bbls. State brand flour at \$3.94; 4000 bbls. Rye meal, \$2.50. Corn meal \$2.15. Wheat is steady—sales of 2,500 bushels Carolina white at 65¢, and prime Michigan white at 100¢. Corn is firm—sales of 30,000 bushels mixed at 55¢. Rye 75¢. Oats 45¢.

MARRIED.

On Thursday evening, 14th inst., by the Rev. JOHN C. SMITH, Mr. JOSEPH A. BLAW to Miss LAURA V. FREE. At the Marriage House, Alexandria, on the 12th inst., by the Rev. ELIAS HARRISON, Major THOS. A. HARRIS, of the U. S. Army, to Miss IMMOGENE PORTER, daughter of the late Commodore Porter, of the U. S. Navy.

On Tuesday, the 12th instant, by the Rev. J. S. TROSE, Mr. THOMAS H. DELAPLANE, of Prince William, to Miss SARAH M. UTTERRICK, of White Hall, (the residence of her father) in Fauquier county, Virginia.

DIED.

At Sacramento City, California, on the 30th of June last, ALFRED HOWELL TIDWELL, in the twenty-fourth year of his age, youngest son of the late ALEXANDER S. TIDWELL, of Winchester, Virginia.

EXCURSION FOR THE BENEFIT OF ST. PETER'S BOARDING SCHOOL.

On Tuesday, August 19, The Committee of Arrangements beg leave to announce to the ladies and gentlemen of Washington, Georgetown, and Alexandria, that they have made all the arrangements and engaged the favorite old steamer COLUMBIA for an excursion down the river, for the purpose of raising funds to defray the debt contracted by the school on the Sunday School-house of St. Peter's Church.

The boat will leave Georgetown at 5 o'clock; the Sunday at 9; Coombe's Wharf at 9½; and the Navy Yard at 10 o'clock; and Alexandria at 10½; and proceed about five miles down the river, stopping on her return at Fort Washington long enough to allow the company an opportunity to view this magnificent work.

The well-known caterer, Mr. C. Columbus, will provide a dinner and other refreshments, which will positively be sold at city prices.

The Washington Light Infantry's celebrated cotton band is engaged, and will entertain the company with their excellent music, consisting of cotillions, waltzes, marches, &c. Tickets, admitting a gentleman and two ladies, \$1 each; to be had at Litchum's, Georgetown; Kraft's confectionery store, First Ward; Bishop's book store, Second Ward; Miller's confectionery store, Third Ward; Shillington's, Fourth Ward; J. R. Gardner & Co's, Fifth Ward; F. L. Walsh's, Sixth Ward; and D. B. Clark's, Seventh Ward; and from each of the Committees.

P. T. MARCERON, SAMUEL HAMILTON, DR. F. H. HILL, JOHN L. MARCERON, WILLIAM J. BARRY, W. J. FITZPATRICK, JAMES THOMPSON, T. P. TENCH.

ALL PERSONS are warned against making and using, without authority, and are prohibited infringing in any manner whatsoever, my invention, termed the "IMPROVED DOUBLE AND SINGLE CONVEYOR SYSTEM FOR EXTENSION CUTTING," as application for letters patent of the same is being made by me.

JOHN S. GALLAGHER, Jr., Inventor.

HARDWARE, CUTLERY, &c.

We are now receiving, by ship living Age, from Liverpool, and from American manufacturers, large additions to our stock, which we offer at very low prices.

CAMPBELL & COY., Sign of the Anvil, Penn. avenue.

SELLING OFF AT LESS THAN COST!

10 half boxes Raisins, in fine order.

10 half boxes do do

10 quarter do do do

Cash currents

22 Jars of French Prunes

36 drums Smyrna Figs, No. 1.

20 lbs Groundnuts, Palm nuts, &c., &c.

Intending to make a change in my business, I will sell my stock of FRUITS at great loss for the next few days.

JAS. T. LLOYD, No. 9, 2nd street east of 14th st.

An English writer says, in one of the reviews, that "Victoria is Queen of England, but public opinion is King." We hope that this new appellation to the crown will not conflict with the marital rights of Prince Albert.

Crystal Point Division No. 3, Sons of Temperance.—The members of this Division are earnestly requested to meet at their room on next Monday evening, at 7½ o'clock, as business of great importance will be before them. By order of C. F. Division.

AMARTINE'S Stone-Mason of Saint Point.—A Village Tale translated from the French; Part 10, London Labor and London Poor, Birk's Memoir of Rev. Edward Bickersteth, with introduction by Dr. Tyng, &c. &c. Hunt's Merchants' Magazine for August.

For sale by TAYLOR & MAURY, Bookellers, near 9th street.

CONNECTICUT HEALTH ASSOCIATION, Waterbury, Connecticut.

GUARANTY CAPITAL. - - - \$5,000.

THIS is an association of persons formed for the mutual benefit and relief of each other in cases of sickness or accident.

By the payment of the following annual rates you will become a life member, and be entitled to a weekly benefit during life, if you should be disabled by sickness or accident from attending to business.

Yearly Deposit For Members under fifty years of age: By paying \$2.00 per year you will draw \$2.00 per week.

" 3.00 " " 3.00 "

" 4.00 " " 4.00 "

" 5.00 " " 5.00 "

" 6.00 " " 6.00 "

" 7.00 " " 7.00 "

" 8.00 " " 8.00 "

Those over fifty years of age will be charged 25 per cent. extra.

An admission fee of \$1.50 will be charged the first year in addition to the above, and must be paid at the time of making the application, and the first year's deposit within thirty days.

Certificates of membership are granted to FEMALES (upon the same terms as above) not exceeding \$4.00 per week. JOHN DRACON, Sec. President, REV. CHAS. FABRIQUE, Vice Pres.

W. B. LOUNSBURY, Sec'y and Treas'r.

Agent for the District of Columbia, Office at his Drug Store, corner of F and 11th streets, au 14-17.

HORSE AND BUGGY FOR SALE.

A STYLISH BLOOD BAY HORSE, 6 years old, and warranted to be a gentle and well-broke family horse—together with Buggy and Harness. They will be sold low, as the owner has no further use for them. Sold for this reason only. They may be found at the Livery Stable of J. H. BUCK, au 12-14d.

D street, near 14th.

NOTICE TO FAMILIES AND HOTEL KEEPERS.

A GOOD OPPORTUNITY is now presented for those who desire to have their parlor and chamber furniture restored to its original beauty. Pianos, etc., polished and re-varnished. The advertiser has had considerable experience in varnishing and polishing household furniture, and is prepared to execute all orders entrusted to him. His process does not require the use of any of the common varnishes, nor will it prove injurious to the carpet or floor.

Orders left with Mr. J. T. Radcliff, Old-Fellows' Hall; Mr. J. D. BROWN, 10th street, near D street, 10th street; N. M. McGREGOR, 7th street, near D, and Mr. M. Thompson, Pennsylvania avenue, between 3d and 4th streets; at which places reference will also be given, if required. au 11-10d3m

Opp. Brok's Hotel, Pa. av.

NEW BOOKS.

LIFE AND TIMES of John Calverly, by Paul Henry, D. D. Translated from the German, by Henry Stebbing, D. D.

Christ's Second Coming: Will it be Pre-Millennial? By Rev. David Brown, A. M.

Young Man's Counselor, by Rev. Daniel Wise, A. M. History of the Republic of Liberia.

Christian Purity, by Rev. R. S. Foster—Introduction by Bishop Jones.

Adam's Women of the Bible. The Young Governors—A Tale. For sale by A. GRAY, 7th street, au 12-10d.

Opp. Brok's Hotel, Pa. av.

SEIDLITZ POWDERS.

500 BOXES SEIDLITZ POWDERS, put up in the best manner and prepared from the most perfect materials, for sale at 10¢ per box, by the proprietor, Drug Store, corner of F and 11th st.

Price 25 cents per box. Also for sale by the Rev. A. Gray, Bookeller, 7th st., opposite Old-Fellows' Hall, au 12-10d.

MRS. ESTHER MOFFETT, 7th street, opposite Old-Fellows' Hall, has received today an assortment of Ladies' Cut-pins, Jenny Lind Ear-rings, Velvet Ribbons, Elastic Sleeve-cuffs, Under-garments, &c. Also, English knit Suspenders, Men's Shirts, and colored Shirts, two rich China tea sets for children. Hampton's Vegetable Tincture kept for children.

For sale by J. H. BUCK, 10th street, near D street, au 12-10d.

ETHIOPIAN MINSTRELS can be supplied with every variety of Instruments, such as Banjos, Accordeons, Tambourines, Bone Castinets, Strings, Flutes, Violins, &c. Amateur Bands furnished out complete, at prices to suit, at H. H. BUCK, 10th street, near D street, au 12-10d.